CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. An axially restrained-shrunk catheter balloon.
- 2. The catheter balloon of claim 1 wherein the balloon is a compliant or semi-compliant catheter balloon.
- 3. The catheter balloon of claim 1 having a predetermined compliance curve that is attained at least in part by the axially restrained shrinkage of the balloon.
- 4. The catheter balloon of claim 3 wherein the predetermined compliance is a non-linear compliance curve.
- 5. The catheter balloon of claim 1 wherein the balloon comprises a crosslinked polymer or a polymer with shrink memory.
- The catheter balloon of claim 4 wherein the crosslinked polymer is crosslinked with a chemical crosslinker or wherein the crosslinked polymer is crosslinked using radiation.
- 7. The catheter balloon of claim 4 wherein the polymer with shrink memory comprises a stretch-oriented polymer.
- 8. The catheter balloon of claim 1 wherein the balloon is further coupled to a tubular element.
- 9. The catheter balloon of claim 8 wherein the balloon is welded to the tubular element.
- 10. The catheter balloon of claim 8 wherein the balloon has a balloon outer diameter and wherein the tubular element has a tubular element outer diameter, and wherein the balloon outer diameter and the tubular element outer diameter are the same.
- 11. A catheter balloon having a predetermined compliance curve that is attained at least in part by axially restrained shrinkage of the balloon.
- 12. The catheter balloon of claim 11 wherein the balloon has a wall length that remains the same or increases upon axially restrained shrinkage.
- The catheter balloon of claim 11 wherein the compliance curve is a non-linear compliance curve.

- 14. The catheter balloon of claim 11 wherein the compliance curve has a reduced increase of diameter in a range of 14 atm to 20 atm as compared to a comparable catheter balloon that is produced without axially restrained shrinkage.
- 15. The catheter balloon of claim 11 wherein the balloon is a compliant or semi-compliant catheter balloon.
- 16. The catheter balloon of claim 11 wherein the balloon has an axial front end and an axial back end, and wherein axial restrained shrinkage is achieved by maintaining a distance between the front end and back end relative to each other.
- 17. The catheter balloon of claim 11 wherein the balloon has an axial front end and an axial back end, and wherein axial restrained shrinkage is achieved by increasing a distance between the front end and back end relative to each other.
- 18. The catheter balloon of claim 11 wherein the balloon comprises a crosslinked polymer or a polymer with shrink memory.
- 19. The catheter balloon of claim 11 wherein the balloon is coupled to a wire-guided catheter.
- 20. A compliant or semi-compliant catheter balloon for inflation to a pressure of between P₁ and P₂, wherein the balloon is formed from a polymer that is crosslinked such that the balloon has a reduced compliance in a pressure range of 70% of P₂ up to P₂.
- 21. The catheter balloon of claim 20 wherein the balloon is further heat treated under axial restraint to form the compliant or semi-compliant catheter balloon.
- 22. The catheter balloon of claim 21 wherein the polymer comprises a polyamide/polyether polyester.
- 24. The catheter balloon of claim 21 wherein the polyamide/polyether polyester is crosslinked using radiation.
- 25. The catheter balloon of claim 20 wherein P_1 is 1 atm and P_2 is 20 atm.
- 26. A method of manufacture of a medical device for dilation of a hollow anatomic structure, comprising a step of (1) forming a balloon from a polymer material, and (2) heating the balloon while axially restraining and radially shrinking to form an axially restrained-shrunk balloon.

- 27. The method of claim 26 further comprising a step of crosslinking the polymer material.
- 28. The method of claim 27 wherein the step of crosslinking comprises irradiating the polymer material or reacting the polymer material with crosslinking agent.
- 29. The method of claim 27 wherein the catheter balloon has a predetermined compliance curve that is attained by at least one of the steps of heating the balloon while axially restraining and crosslinking the polymer material.
- 30. The method of claim 26 wherein the step of forming the balloon comprises (1) heating a tubing comprising the polymeric material to a temperature that is above a glass transition temperature of the polymeric material and that is below a melting temperature of the polymeric material, and (2) longitudinally stretching the heated tubing.
- 31. The method of claim 26 wherein the polymer material is crosslinked.
- 32. A stent with a substantially continuous outer surface comprising a polymer material with expansion memory in a configuration that radially expands the stent when the stent is heated from a first to a second temperature, and wherein the configuration is obtained by radial compression.
- 33. The stent of claim 32 wherein the configuration is obtained by radial compression of the stent under axial restraint at an elevated temperature.
- 34. The stent of claim 32 wherein the polymer material is crosslinked.
- 35. A catheter comprising the catheter balloon of claim 1 or 11, wherein the catheter has an outer diameter and wherein the catheter balloon has an outer diameter that is equal or less that the catheter outer diameter.